



18-1412 Mason Creek Planning & Acquisition

Patrick Lee, Clark County, and Paul Kolp, Lower Columbia Estuary Partnership



Acquire 60 acres & Develop Designs: 1 mile- Mason Cr. & E. Fork

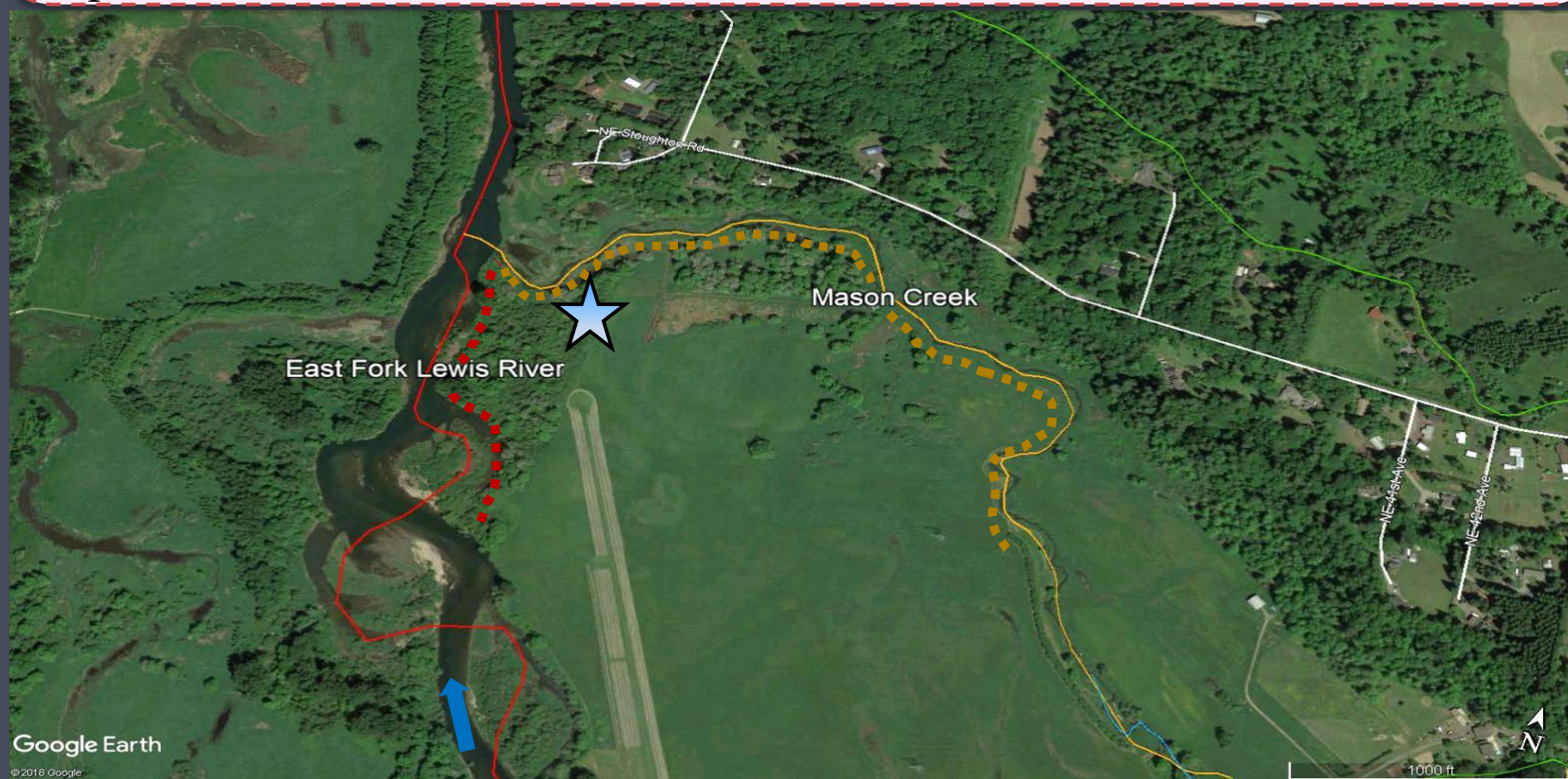
Restoration actions: EF Lewis 4C, 5A..... & Mason Cr1

Benefiting reaches: Swanson Creek & Mason Cr2

Primary limiting life stages: pre-spawn holding, spawning, rearing, egg & fry

Primary limiting factors: temperature, habitat quantity/quality & sediment

Species: chum, Chinook, steelhead, coho and cutthroat





Goals

1. **Acquire Parcels** to achieve 2 high priority projects as part of the Lower East Fork Habitat Restoration Plan (LCFRB 2009) & may be our last chance current landowners
2. **Watershed Approach** to connect with other projects and address identified limiting factors in the basin
3. **Restore** juvenile rearing and spawning habitats & riparian buffers along 1 mile of the E. Fork & Mason Cr.
4. **Continue county stewardship** and high community support for this project.
5. Support East Fork designation of **wild steelhead gene bank**
6. Expand **cold water refuge** potential

Objectives

Acquire 62 Acres along Mason Creek through acquisition and easements

Provide access to off-channel refugia- **habitat diversity and quantity & key habitat**

Age 0, Age 1- rearing (all species)

Restore alluvial functions to Mason Cr. including increasing pools and large woody debris and sediment retention- **habitat diversity and quantity & key habitat**

Fry Colonization, egg incubation, Age 1 active rearing (all species)

Increase gravel retention and reduce fines- **sediment**

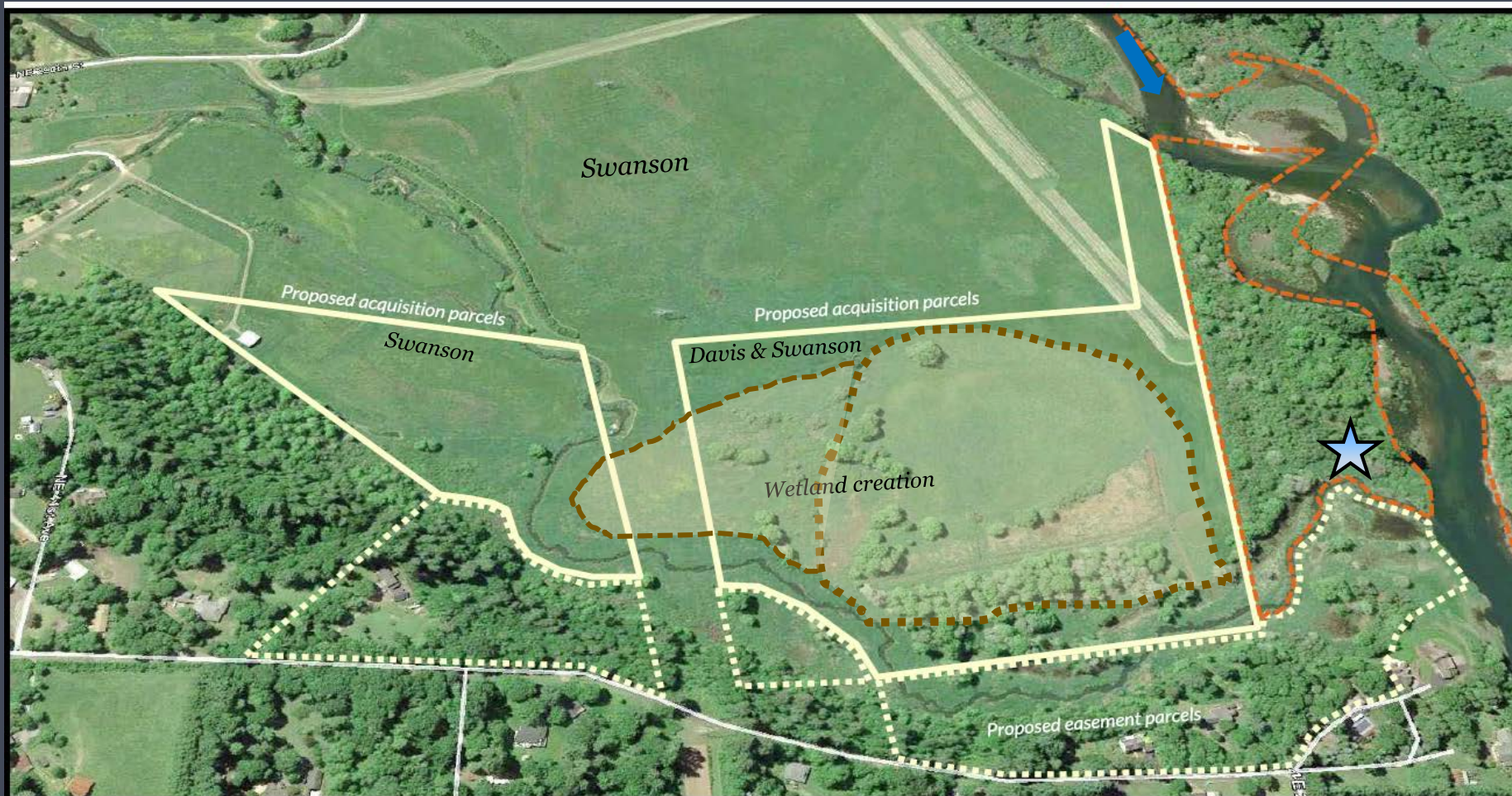
Spawning- Chinook

Reduce instream temperatures and capture cold water- **temperature**

Age 0 rearing, spawning, fry colonization (all species)

Improve riparian habitat conditions- **key habitat** (all species)

Acquisition & Landowners



MASON CREEK

View looking south

Source: Google Earth



Proposed acquisition

Proposed easements

Clark County owned

49 acres- Fee

12 acres- Easement



Watershed Approach & Stewardship

East Fork Greenway assembled over the last 35 years.

Over ten restoration projects have been completed on County-owned land

County and partners have assembled 2,200 acres along the East Fork Lewis River Greenway

This Project builds off other projects!!



Watershed Approach



E. Fork- Mainstem & Side Channel

Problem- habitat diversity/quality, temp

Solution- Enhance with habitat features & riparian revegetation



upstream



*Very limited instream
or riparian habitat*

across (west)



downstream

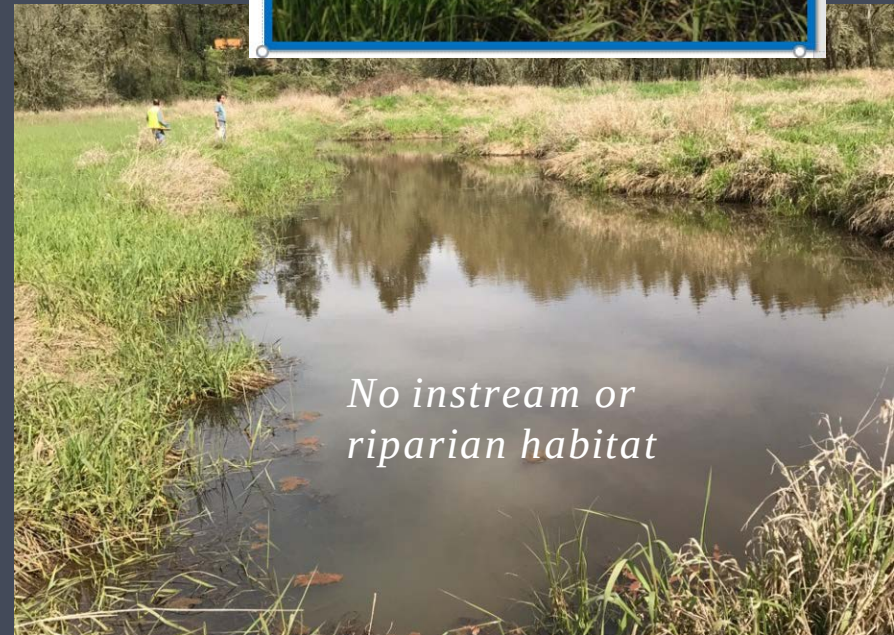
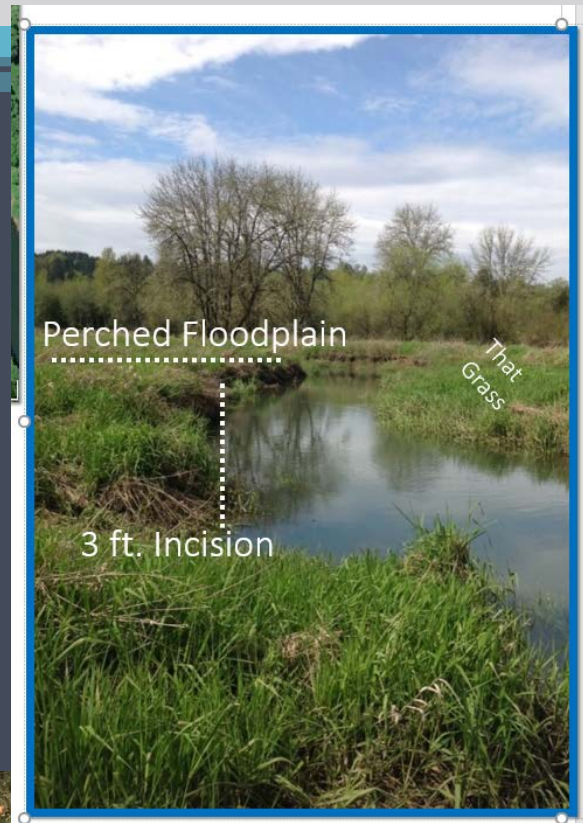
Mason Creek

Problems

- Incision
- limited floodplain access
- no riparian buffer
- limited pools
- limited spawning
- no habitat diversity
- sediment & temperature

Solution(s)

- connect floodplain & create wetland
- riparian revegetation
- create pools
- trap gravels
- incorporate cold water



Wetland/Off-channel- regrade, remove ditches and bring up channel elevations

Improve habitat- sediment seed?, install wood (low profile) & beaver?

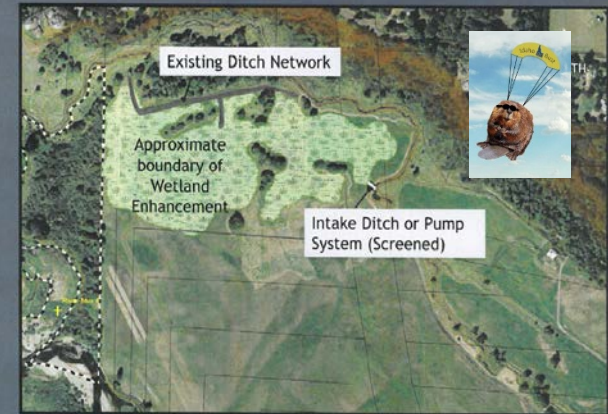
Riparian- high density planting

Cold water- excavate/capture

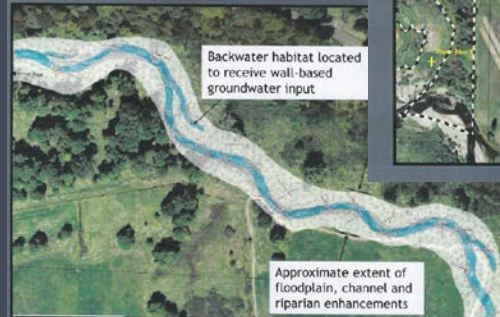
Design Considerations

- Power line
- Alluvial- gravel recruitment
- Fish use timing (October May)
- Alternatives Analysis to inform designs
- Adjacent restoration projects

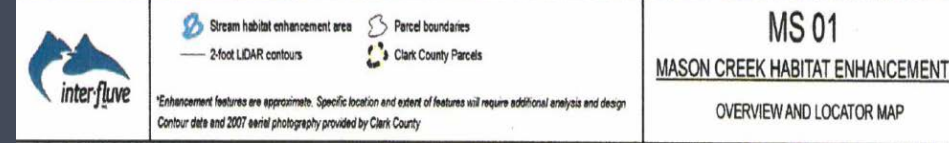
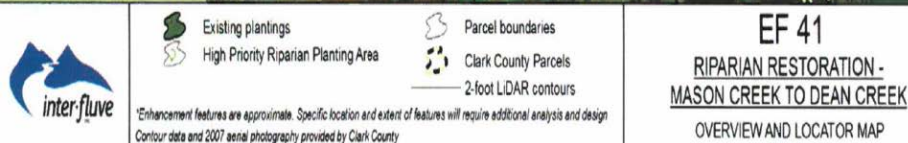
MS 01 Wetland Enhancement Concept



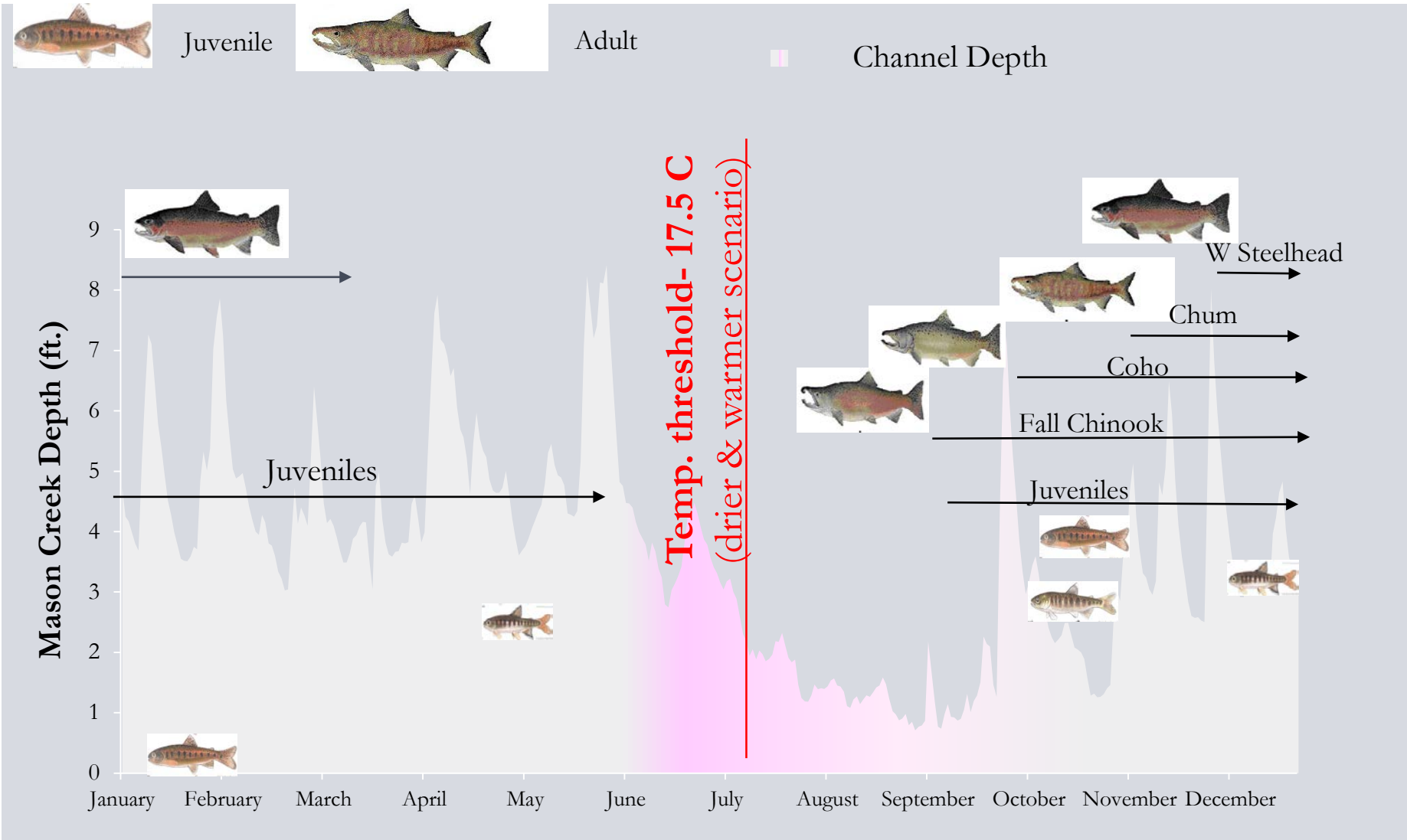
MS-01 Habitat Enhancement



Designs Riparian- Mason Cr. & . Fork



Salmon Use & Climate Change *



* Based on data from WDFW (1999) & Cindy Baker (2008)

Certainty of Success

- Incorporate lessons from adjacent restoration projects
- Off-channel rearing and spawning documented (C. Baker & WDFW)
- Don't "reinvent the wheel"..... use existing information & data
- Wetland potential exists (NWI)



Predicted Uplift- Mason Cr.

	Current (per/mile)	With project (per/mile)	Predicted increase (%)
Pools	5	20	300%
LWD	1	175	A LOT
Spawning Gravels (Redds)	2	8	300%
Willows/ Shrubs	0	A LOT	A LOT

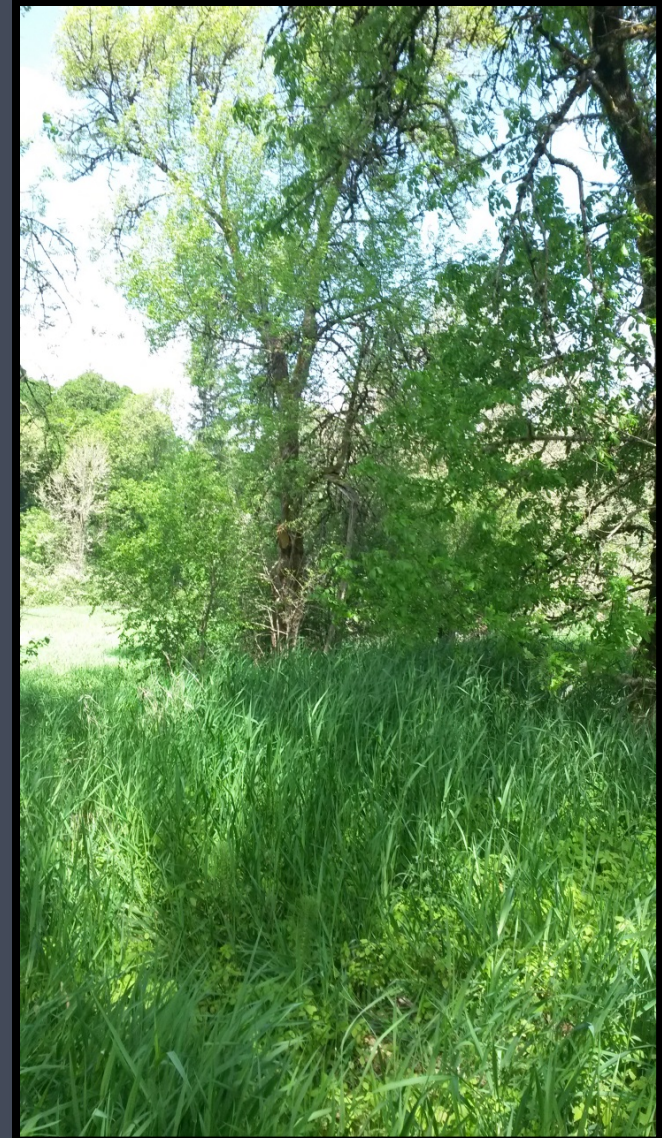
Cost Considerations

Total: \$748,110

SRFB Request: \$561,092 (75%)

Design Costs for MS 01 &
EF 41 were \$130k (2009) &
ask today is \$150k

Local Match: \$187,018 (25%)



Project Support

Project identified as a high priority in the East Fork Habitat Restoration Plan

Project included in Clark County Comprehensive Parks Recreation and Open Space Plan & Conservation Areas Acquisition Plan 6-year capital project list

County Council has approved funding for the project



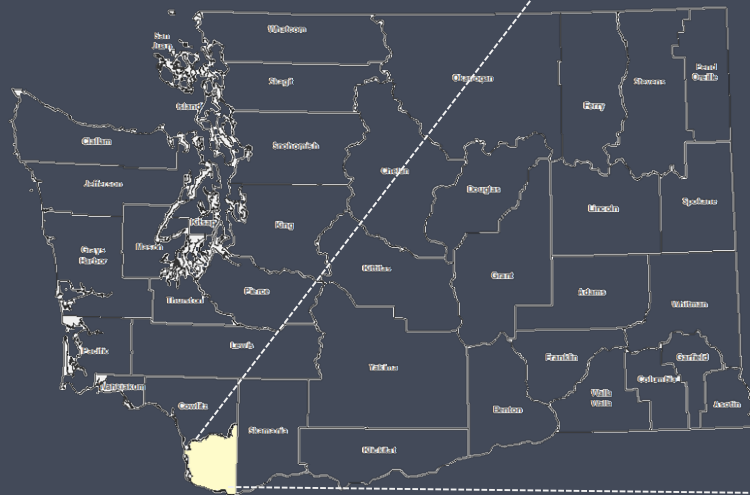
Questions ?



Thank you!

Project Regional Location Map

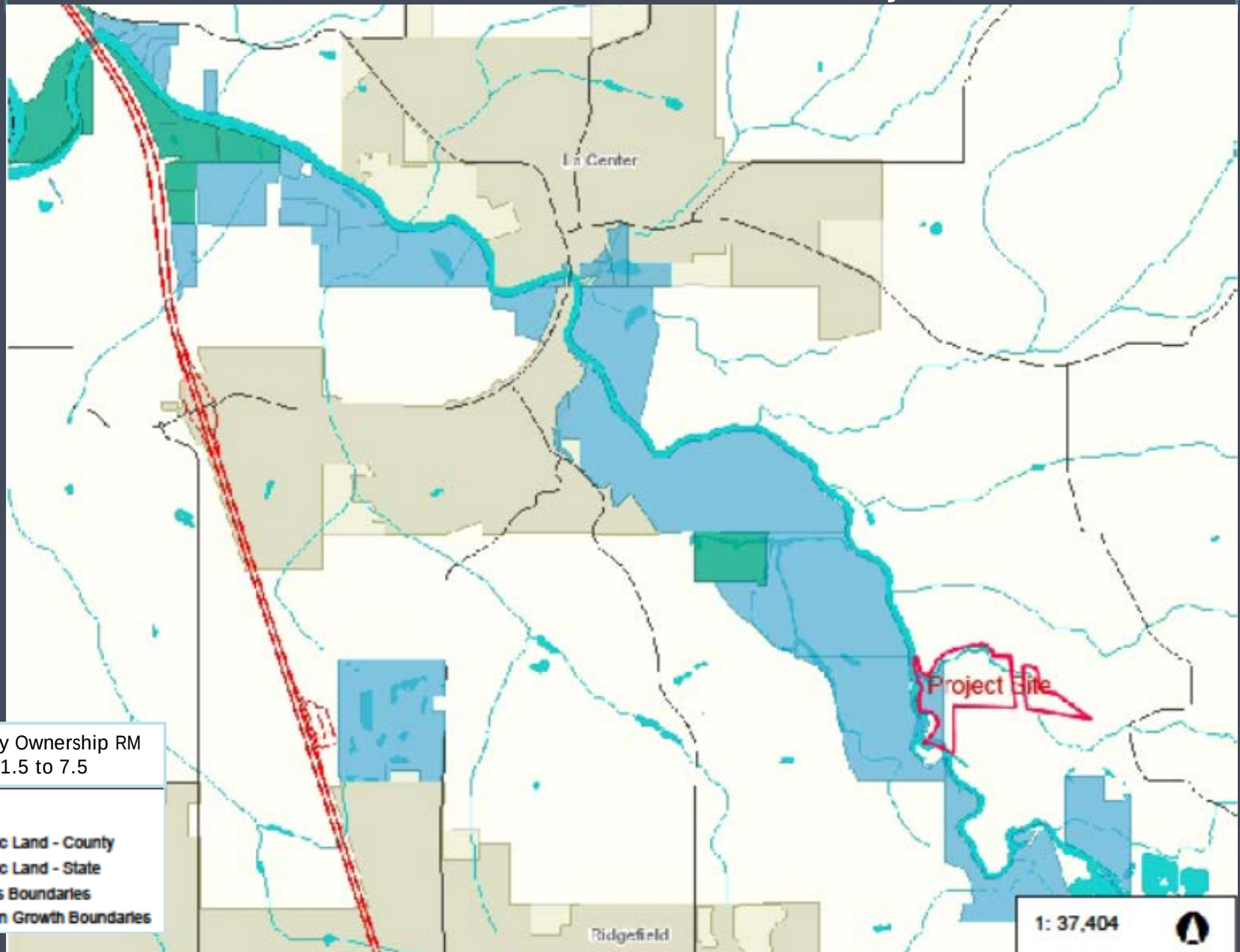
Mason Creek Acquisition (18-1412)



Clark County, WA

Project Location Map

East Fork Lewis River Greenway



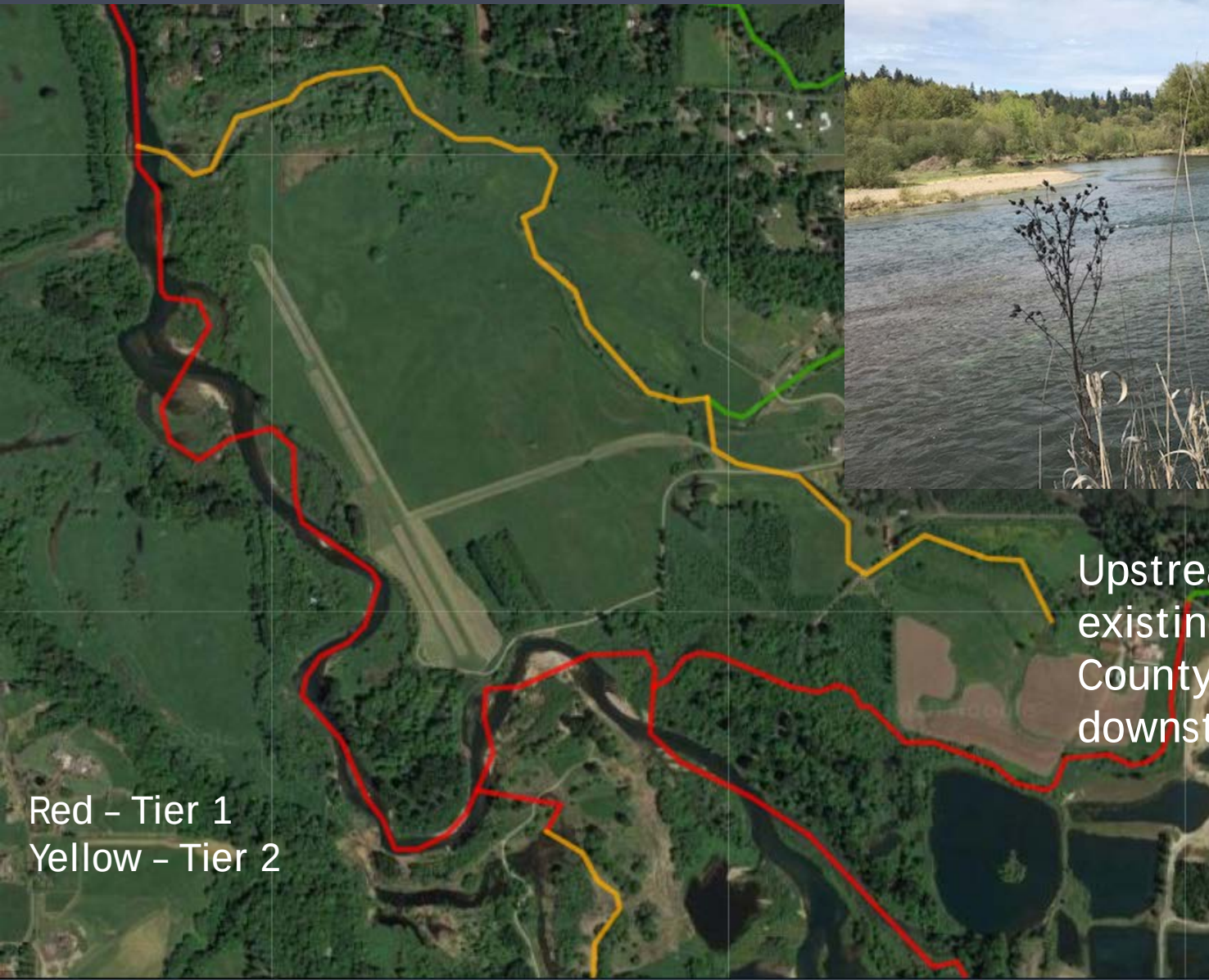
Project Scope

- Acquire 49.8 acres in fee and 12 acres in easement
- Develop preliminary restoration design for the acquired parcels and an adjacent 19.25 acre county-owned parcel



Site Overlook from Stoughton Road (looking south)

Key Restoration Location



Red - Tier 1
Yellow - Tier 2



Upstream end of
existing
County Parcel looking
downstream

Acquisition Objectives

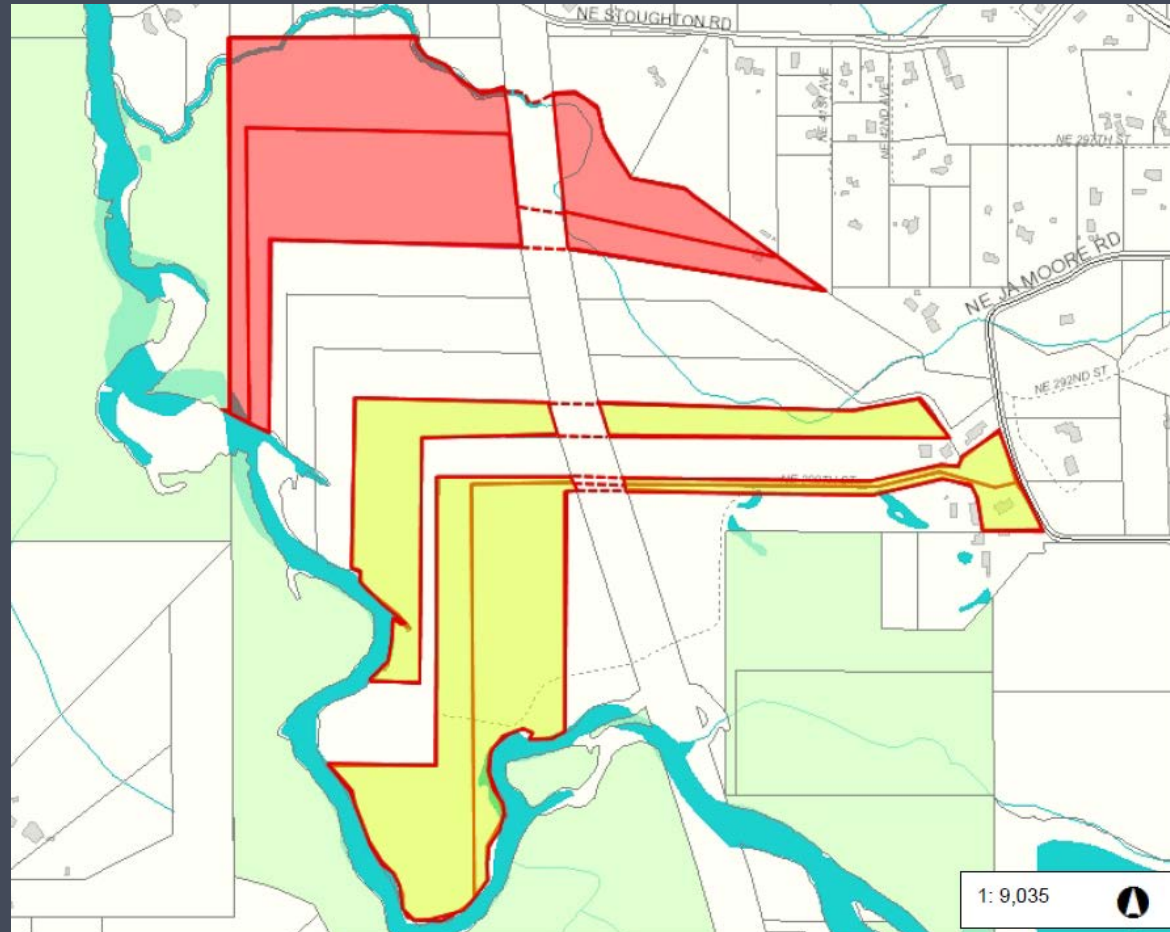
-  County-Owned Land
-  Fee Acquisition Parcels
-  Other Parcels For Sale

Key restoration location

County owns mouth and 1,049 lineal feet of Mason Creek

County owns 2,600 lineal feet of EFL right bank

County also owns left bank of East Fork Lewis River



Parcels for Sale

Limiting Factors

East Fork Lewis River EDT Reaches 4C and 5A

Species	Primary limiting life stages	Primary limiting factors	Relevant Months
Chum	Prespawn holding; Egg incubation	Habitat diversity/quantity; Sediment	Oct-Jan; Oct-Apr
Fall Chinook	Egg incubation; Spawning	Sediment; Temperature	Nov-May; Oct-Nov
Coho	Age-0 inactive; Age-0 active rearing	Key habitat quantity; Temperature & key habitat	Oct-Mar; Mar-Oct

Mason Creek EDT 01

Species	Primary limiting life stages	Primary limiting factors	Relevant Months
Coho	Age-0 active rearing; Egg incubation; Fry colonization	Temperature, key habitat quantity Sediment, channel stability Key habitat quantity/quality	Mar-Oct Oct – May Mar-May
Winter Steelhead	Age-0,1 inactive rearing; Age-1 active rearing; Fry colonization	Habitat diversity Habitat diversity Habitat diversity, temperature , flow	Oct-Mar Mar-Oct May-Jul

Surrounding County Land Ownership



Improve Off Channel Habitat

East Fork Lewis Channel Shift 1996 and 2007

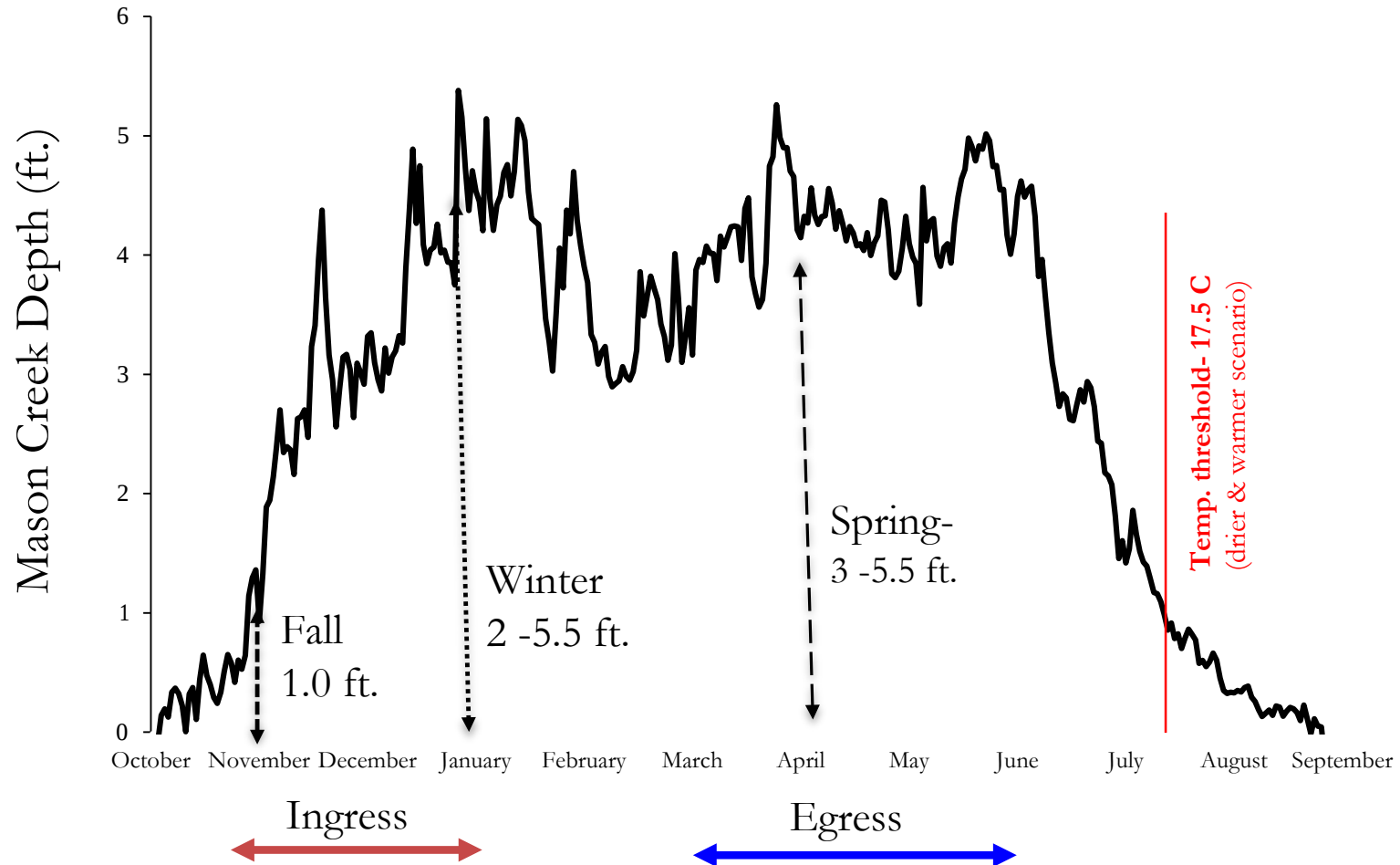


East Fork Lewis 1996



East Fork Lewis 2007

Climate Change Drier & Warmer Scenario

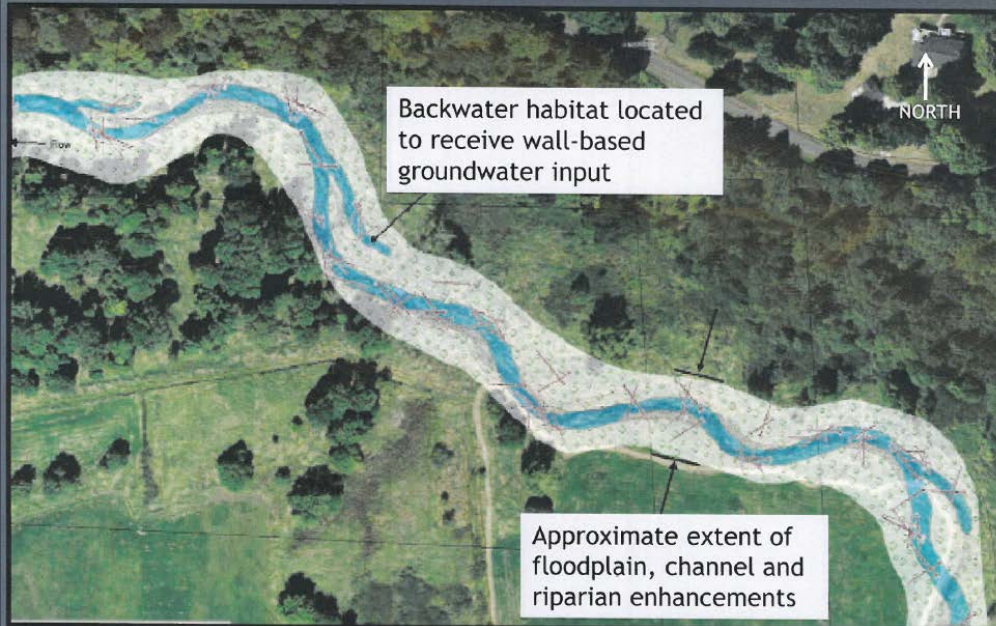


Tie to Existing Project



Acquisition & Landowners

MS-01 Habitat Enhancement Concept



Diversify 4,000 lineal feet with wood

Create 20 pools

Reconnect 19 acres of floodplain



Co Acquisition & Landowners

Excavate backwater channels to the north of the main channel to provide off-channel habitat and capture cool groundwater originating from the valley wall

Restore riparian vegetation to provide shading

Wetland enhancement



Hiteon Creek

Stewardship

County and partners have assembled 2,200 acres along the East Fork Lewis River Greenway



Over ten restoration projects have been completed on County-owned land

County has a variety of function-based divisions including Parks Maintenance, Vegetation Management, Engineering and Construction to address stewardship and maintenance issues

18-1412 Riparian Restoration

Acquisition & Landowners

Reach Width Length

EFL 4C 100 300

EFL 5A 100 500

MS 01 200 4,000

Total 20 acres





Designs

Build on Concept Designs (2009)

Reconnect mainstem- 3 options

(Prelim. Designs)

Install mainstem wood (Prelim. Designs)

Regrade entrances to side-channels

(Final Designs)

Install habitat features/wood in side-channels (Final Designs)



Design Development Review Process

Technical Work Group to meet quarterly (or more) over project duration

Review & guide designs

Represent stakeholder diversity/interests

- Columbia Land Trust
- Clark County
- NOAA
- Cowlitz Tribe
- WDFW
- Pac. Rock Environmental/CEMEX
- private landowners
- Friends of the East Fork
- Storedahl



Project Milestones

Conduct physical/biological surveys & modeling,
Technical Report, Dec. 2018

Present Preliminary Restoration Alternatives to
Technical Work Group, Dec. 2018

Draft Preliminary Designs, March 2019

Complete Preliminary Designs, June 2019

Design Considerations

Power line-

Alluvial- gravel recruitment

Fish use timing – October to April is

Compatible with Ag../ other land uses

Alternatives Analysis to inform Prelimn. Designs